

**Amendments**  
**HB 2295, Relating to Charter Schools**  
**H-4231.1/04**

FORR 006 (Anderson) Page 2, line 23

The governing boards of four-year colleges and universities that offer teacher training and preparation for state certification are added as alternate sponsors of new charter schools. An application for a new charter school that has been rejected by a school board may be submitted to an alternate sponsor, or the application may be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction under an appeals process. FAILED, ROLL CALL 5-6.

FORR 011 (Talcott) Page 4, line 2

The prohibition from a charter school board contracting for the administration and management of a charter school to a for-profit entity is limited to new charter schools. FAILED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 014 (McMahan) Page 4, line 37

A charter school must allow students who are receiving home-based instruction to participate in its programs on a part-time basis. PASSED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 010 (Talcott) Page 7, line 22

Applications for schools planning to open in the 2004-05 school year may be submitted later than four months before the proposed date of opening the school. (For all schools planning to open after the 2004-05 school year, applications may not be submitted later than four months before the proposed date of opening. FAILED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 009 (Talcott) Page 7, line 23

An applicant may apply to a sponsor or may appeal to SPI for approval to establish a charter school up to 18 months before the school is proposed to open, rather than up to one year before the proposed date of opening. PASSED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 012 (Talcott) Page 18, line 2

Subject to funds being appropriated by the legislature, new charters schools serving educationally disadvantaged students and not otherwise eligible for levy money will receive state funding up to the amount the school would have received in levy money if eligible. PASSED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 007 (Anderson) Page 19, line 8

The six-year period for authorization of charter schools is removed, and charter schools are authorized until further legislative declaration. Five new schools per year may be established in years one and two, fifteen new schools each year thereafter, and an unlimited number of conversions of schools that are failing to make adequate yearly progress for three consecutive years or are eligible for school improvement assistance. FAILED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 005 (Tom) Page 19, line 9

The maximum number of charter schools that may be authorized during the 6-year period is changed from 30 to 70, distributed as follows: 5 per year for the first two years, and 15 per year for the following four years. FAILED, ROLL CALL 5-6.

FORR 013 (Talcott) Page 19, line 10

Clarifies that successful charter schools may continue to operate under a renewed charter after the six-year period in which new charter schools are authorized to be created. PASSED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 008 (Tom) Page 21, line 4

To be eligible for conversion to a charter school, the threshold for a school failing to make adequate yearly progress is changed from the most recent three consecutive years of failure to the most recent two consecutive years of failure. A school district is permitted to convert any alternative school to charter school status, not just a school that has failed to make AYP or is eligible for school improvement assistance. School districts are additionally authorized to convert the greater of one school per district per year or no more than 2% of the school district's full-time equivalent enrollment to charter school status. FAILED, VOICE VOTE.

FORR 004 (Talcott) Page 21, line 6

To be eligible for conversion to a charter school, the threshold for a school failing to make adequate yearly progress is changed from the most recent three consecutive years of failure to the most recent two consecutive years of failure. A school district is permitted to convert any alternative school to charter school status, not just a school that has failed to make AYP or is eligible for school improvement assistance. FAILED, ROLL CALL 5-6.

FORR 002 (Talcott) Page 21, line 16

Classified employees at conversion charter schools are subject to the same collective bargaining provision as all other charter school employees. All charter school employees, if unionized, must be in a separate bargaining unit for the first five years of the school's operation. FAILED, VOICE.

Final Passage: FAILED, 4-7.

Voting aye: Quall, Hunter, Rockefeller, Anderson

Voting no: Haigh, Santos, McDermott, Talcott, Tom, McMahan, Cox